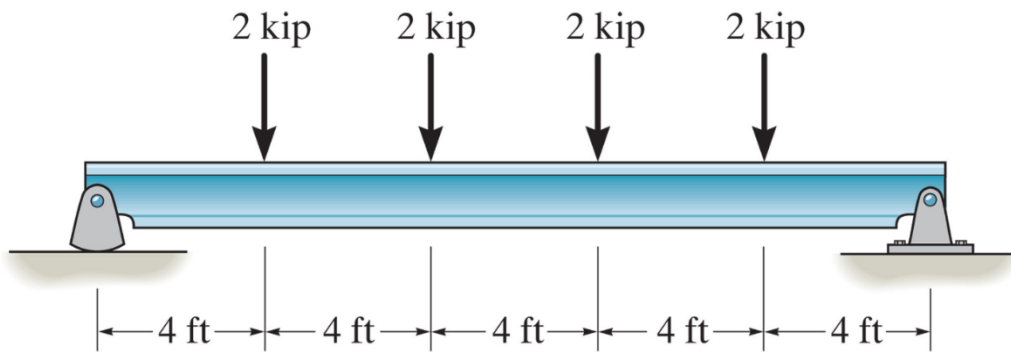


Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-4 (Equation Method)

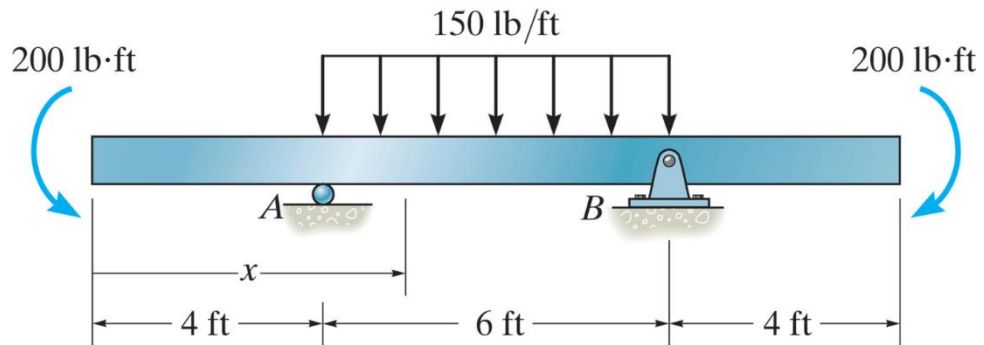
Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam.



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-25 (Equation Method)

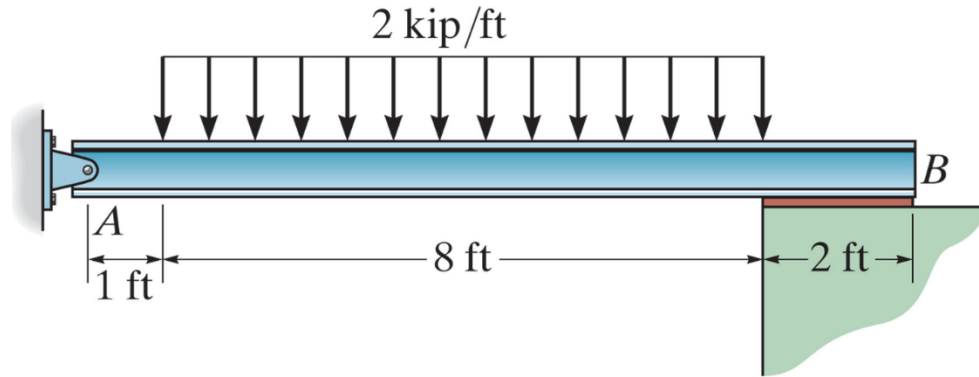
Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam and determine the shear and moment in the beam as functions of  $x$ , where  $4\text{ ft} < x < 10\text{ ft}$ .



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-30 (Equation Method)

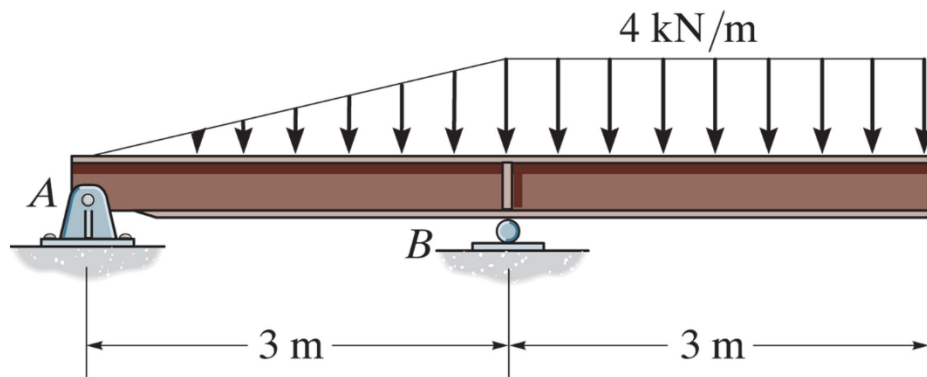
The beam is bolted or pinned at A and rests on a bearing pad at B that exerts a uniform distributed loading on the beam over its 2 ft length. Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam if it supports a uniform loading of 2 kip/ft.



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-22 (Equation Method)

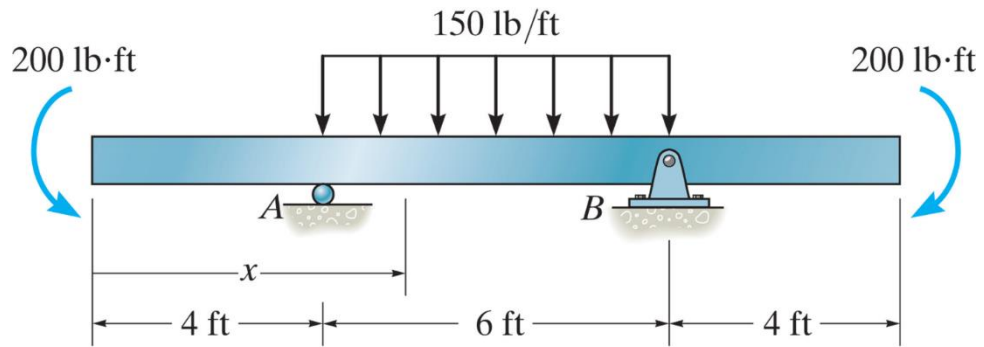
Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the overhang beam.



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-25 (Graphical Method)

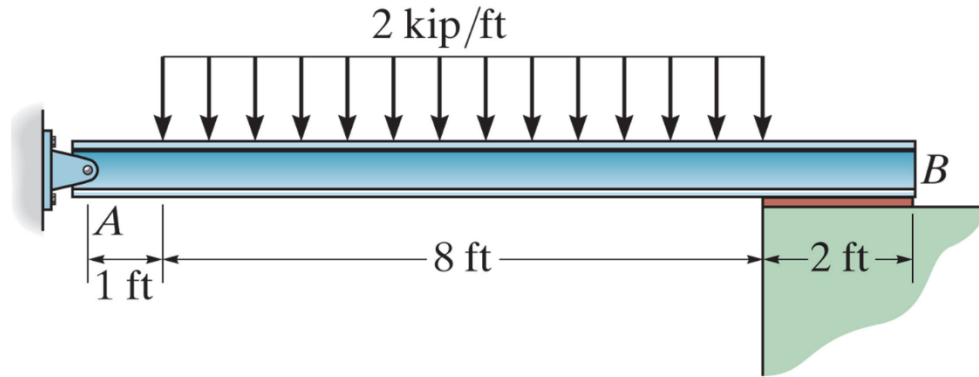
Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam and determine the shear and moment in the beam as functions of  $x$ , where  $4 \text{ ft} < x < 10 \text{ ft}$ .



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-30 (Graphical Method)

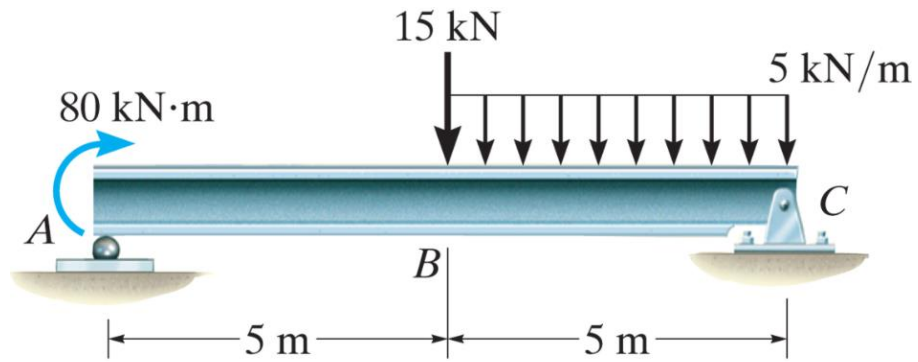
The beam is bolted or pinned at A and rests on a bearing pad at B that exerts a uniform distributed loading on the beam over its 2 ft length. Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam if it supports a uniform loading of 2 kip/ft.



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Example 6.4 (Graphical Method)

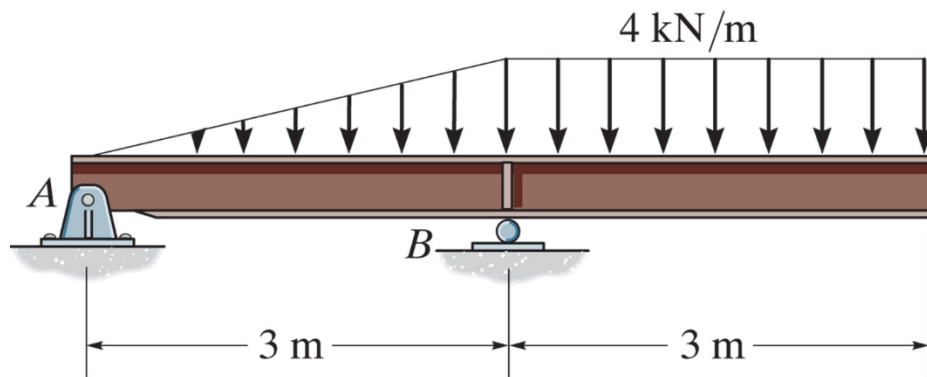
Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the beam shown.



Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

Problem 6-22 (Graphical Method)

Draw the shear and moment diagrams for the overhang beam.

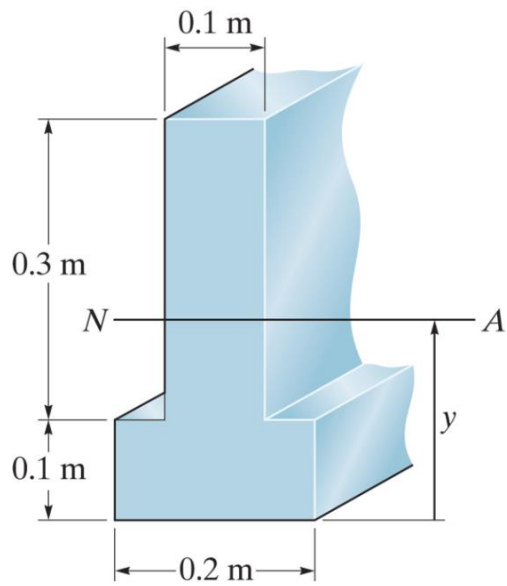
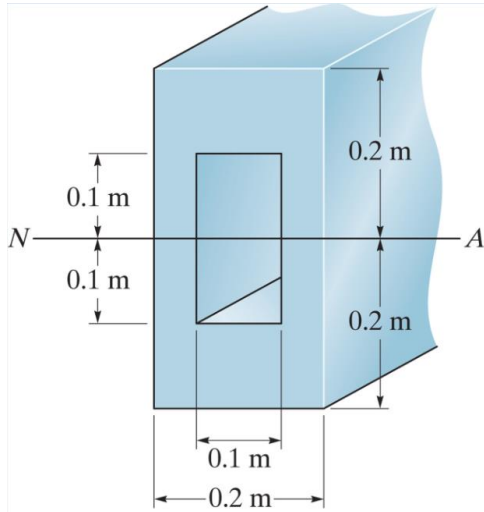




## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Determining Centroids and Moments of Inertia

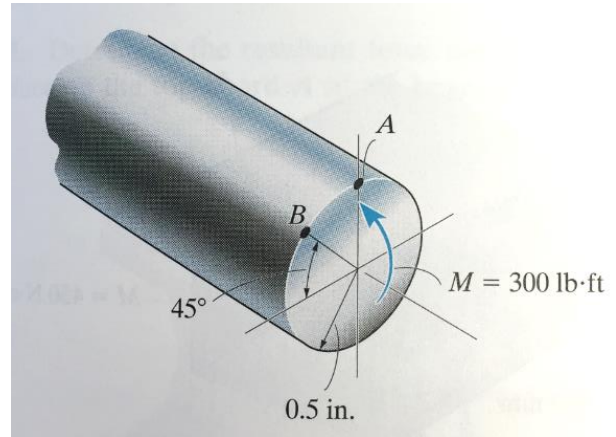
Determine the centroid and moment of inertia of the following cross-sections about the designated neutral axis.



## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Example 1

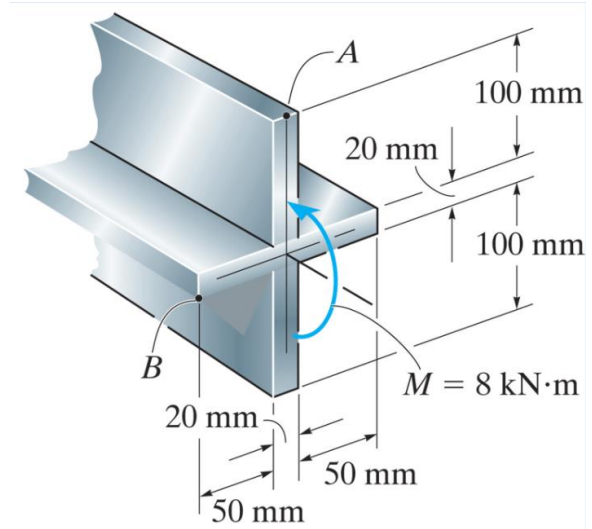
The steel rod having a diameter of 1 in is subjected to an internal moment of  $M=300$  lb-ft. Determine the stress created at points A and B. Also, sketch a 3-D view of the stress distribution acting over the cross section.



## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Problem 6-56

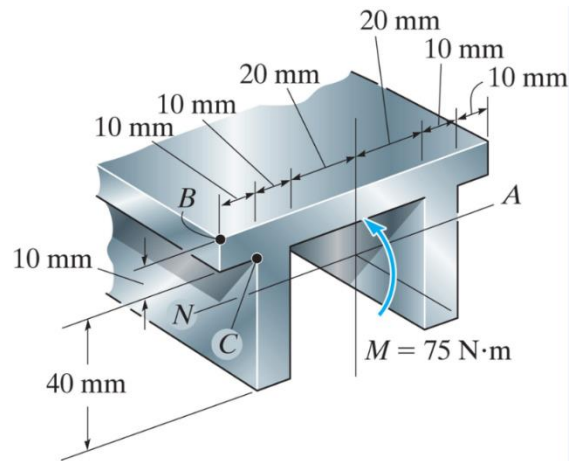
The aluminum strut has a cross-sectional area in the form of a cross. If it is subjected to the moment  $M = 8 \text{ kNm}$ , determine the bending stress acting at points A and B, and show the results acting on volume elements located at these points.



## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Problem 6-59

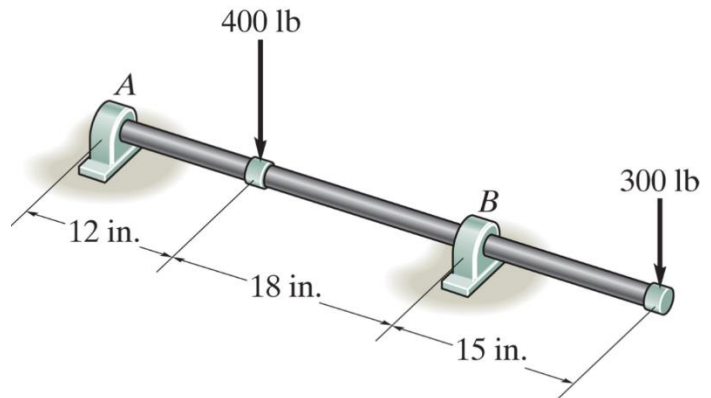
The aluminum machine part is subjected to a moment of  $M = 75 \text{ Nm}$ . Determine the maximum tensile and compressive bending stresses in the part.



## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Problem 6-73

Determine the smallest allowable diameter of the shaft which is subjected to the concentrated forces. The sleeve bearings at A and B support only vertical forces, and the allowable bending stress is  $\sigma_{\text{allow}}=22$  ksi.



## Chapter 6 Lecture Problems

### Problem 6-94

The beam has a rectangular cross section as shown. Determine the largest load  $P$  that can be supported on its overhanging ends so that the bending stress does not exceed  $\sigma_{\max}=10$  MPa.

