Web Crawling

Beautifulsoup

BeautifulSoup

BeautifulSoup

- What is BeautifulSoup?
 - A Python library for parsing HTML and XML documents.
 - Widely used for web scraping.
- Why Use BeautifulSoup?
 - Simple to learn and implement.
 - Powerful methods for navigating and searching the document tree.
 - Works well with Python's other HTTP libraries to access websites.
- Installation

```
pip install beautifulsoup4
```

```
pip install lxml # optional, recommended parser
```

Basic Example

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

soup = BeautifulSoup("Someboldtext.", "html.parser")

print(soup.p.b.string) # Output: 'bold'



```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup("Some<b>Hello</b>text.", "html.parser")
print(soup.p.b.string) # Output: 'Hello'
```

Hello

Common Uses

- Extracting data from HTML.
- Automating data collection from web sources.
- Cleaning up messy web page HTML.

Example

- To parse HTML using BeautifulSoup, you generally follow these steps:
 - \circ $\;$ Load the HTML of the webpage.
 - Create a BeautifulSoup object to parse the HTML.
 - Search and extract tags, attributes, text, etc.

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

html doc = """

<html>

<head>

<title>The Dormouse's story</title>

</head>

<body>

The Dormouse's story

Once upon a time there were three little sisters; and their names were

Elsie,

Lacie and

Tillie;

and they lived at the bottom of a well.

</body>

</html>

** ** **

1. BS object and 2. search and extract a tag

soup = BeautifulSoup(html_doc, 'html.parser')

Example of accessing an HTML tag
print(soup.title) # Outputs the <title> tag
print(soup.head) # Outputs the <head> tag
print(soup.a) # Outputs the first <a> tag

Accessing Tag Contents and Attributes

Accessing tag content

print(soup.title.string)

```
# Accessing tag attributes
link = soup.a
print(link['href']) # Outputs the href attribute value
```

For more complex conditions when searching for tags, use the find or find_all methods:

```
# Finding all <a> tags
all_links = soup.find_all('a')
for link in all_links:
    print(link['href'])
```

```
# Finding all <a> tags with class "sister"
sisters = soup.find_all('a', class_='sister')
for sister in sisters:
    print(sister.string)
```

Results

```
# Finding all <a> tags
all_links = soup.find_all('a')
for link in all_links:
    print(link['href'])
```

```
# Finding all <a> tags with class "sister"
sisters = soup.find_all('a', class_='sister')
for sister in sisters:
    print(sister.string)
```

http://example.com/elsie http://example.com/lacie http://example.com/tillie Elsie Lacie Tillie



CS Department Homepage

To practice how to collect data from a real webpage, we'll see how you could write a Python script using BeautifulSoup and the Requests library to scrape data from the specified website, https://www.utrgv.edu/csci/faculty/index.htm.

The goal is to collect professor's names.

Step1: Install Required Libraries

pip install beautifulsoup4

pip install requests

Step 2: Fetch the Web Page

import requests

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

URL of the page

url = 'https://www.utrgv.edu/csci/faculty/index.htm'

Send HTTP request

```
response = requests.get(url)
```

Check if the request was successful

```
if response.status code == 200:
```

```
print("Web page fetched successfully!")
```

else:

print("Failed to retrieve the web page. Status code:", response.status code)

Step 3: Parse the HTML Content

Parse the HTML content of the page

soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, 'html.parser')

C 25 utrgv.edu/csci/faculty/index.htm

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Erik Enriquez

Pedro Fonseca

Yifeng Gao

```
She class page crece stacaccy a scall synes
<div class="department clear" id="showDirectory">...</div>
 <hr>>
style type="text/css"> --- </style>
v<div class="images">
 ▼<div class="listing">
     <img alt="Emmett Tomai" src="../ files/images/faculty/Emmett-Tomai.jpg"
    width="150">
   ▼ 
     ▼ <a href="emmett-tomai/index.htm">
        <strong>Emmett Tomai</strong> == $0
       </a>
       <br>
       " Professor  "
       <br>
       " Department Chair "
       <br>
     ><a aria-label="2015 UT System Regents' Outstanding Teaching Award"</p>
```

Step 5: Extraing tag

```
# Find elements containing professor names
listings = soup.find_all('div',{"class": "listing"})
for l in listings:
    strong = l.find("strong")
    print(strong.string)
```

Emmett Tomai Zhixiang Chen Andres Figueroa Michael Aguillon Marzieh Ayati Divya Bajaj Sonya Cirlos Gustavo Dietrich Erik Enriquez Pedro Fonseca Bin Fu Yifeng Gao Joselito Guardado Roberto Jimenez Dong-Chul Kim Oi Lu Eric Martinaz

Lab 38

Using BeautifulSoup, collect faculty emails from the CS homepage, UTRGV.

https://www.utrgv.edu/csci/faculty/index.htm

Results

Find elements containing professor emails
listings = soup.find_all('div',{"class": "listing"})
for l in listings:

emmett.tomai@utrgv.edu zhixiang.chen@utrgv.edu andres.figueroa@utrgv.edu michael.aquillon01@utrqv.edu marzieh.ayati@utrgv.edu divya.bajaj@utrgv.edu sonya.cirlos01@utrgv.edu gustavo.dietrich@utrgv.edu erik.enriquez01@utrqv.edu pedro.fonseca01@utrqv.edu bin.fu@utrav.edu vifeng.gao@utrgv.edu joselito.guardado01@utrgv.edu roberto.jimenez01@utrqv.edu dongchul.kim@utrgv.edu gi.lu@utrgv.edu eric.m.martinez02@utrqv.edu askar.nurbekov01@utrgv.edu carlos.penacaballero01@utrgv.edu alfredo.ramos02@utrgv.edu robert.schweller@utrgv.edu haoteng.tang@utrgv.edu charlie.ticer01@utrqv.edu david.torres@utrgv.edu timothy.wylie@utrgv.edu li.zhang@utrgv.edu odette.perez@utrgv.edu