## **Econometrics**

Econ 3341 - 01: Mock Exam 1

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Total Points: 22 (plus 2 extra points)

## Show your work

1. In order to analyze the effect of inflation on unemployment, we consider four observations of these variables from U.S. data. Let  $X_i$  be the inflation rate and let  $Y_i$  be the rate of unemployment. (total 14 points)

Ŷ	X			
6.7	3.2			
8.3	2.4			
7.6	2.8			
5.4	3.4			

Note: Make sure you have to show your calculations here.

$$b_{2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{4} (X_{i} - \overline{X}) (Y_{i} - \overline{Y})}{\sum_{i=1}^{4} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2}} \qquad b_{1} = \overline{Y} - b_{2}\overline{X}$$

- a. Use the OLS formulas and fill out the table above to calculate the estimated coefficients  $b_1$  and  $b_2$ . (3 points)
- b. Write down the estimated regression equation. (2 points)

c. Draw a scatter plot with the fitted regression line making sure you label the axes. (2 points)



d. What is the interpretation of the intercept? (2 points)

- e. What is the interpretation of the slope coefficient? (2 points)
- f. In the last column of the table calculate the fitted or predicted values. What is the residual for the third observation in the sample? (*3 points*)

2. The following Excel output comes from a sample of 807 individuals. The idea is to evaluate the effect of education (measured in years of schooling) on cigarettes, measure by the *logarithm* of the number of cigarettes smoked per day. (total 8 points + 2 extra points)

SUMMARY OUTPUT

Regression Statistics					
Multiple R	0.0487				
R Square	0.0824				
Adjusted R Square	0.0011				
Standard Error	13.7137				
Observations	807				

<u>ANOVA</u>

	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	359.82	359.817	1.913	0.167
Residual	805	151393.87	188.067		
Total	806	151753.68			

		Standard				
	Coefficients	Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%
Intercept	1.412	2.029	5.625	0.000	0.743	2.139
Education	-0.051	0.158	-1.383	0.167	-0.032	-0.070

a. Write down the estimated equation. (2 points)

b. What is the interpretation of the slope coefficient? (2 points)

c. How good is this regression equation in explaining the variation in the number of cigarettes smoked per day? Use the R-squared to answer this question. (2 points)

d. What is the 95% confidence interval for the intercept? (2 points)

e. What is the predicted number of cigarettes smoked *per week* for an individual who has ten years of schooling? (2 extra points)